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考	試 科 目	英文		系 所 別 共同	司科目	考言	試時間2月	18 日(六) 第二節
	Choose the	most ap	propriate answer		s corresponding l			
	I. Vocabula	ry (30°	2/0)	選擇題言	青在答案卡上作名	答,否則不	不予計分。	
	1. Mary and	Susan	are identical twir	s. It is little	wonder that Mar	y closely	1	her sisters.
	(A) resemb	oles	(B) assem	bles	(C) preambles	(D)) disqualifies	
	2. Earning lo	ow wag	ges, Nicholas ofte	n finds his r	nonthly income		for the nee	ds of living in an
	expensive ci	ity.						
	(A) ethnic		(B) huma	nitarian	(C) inadequate	e (I) tiresome	=
	3. This cathe	edral sı	ıffered	for two ce	nturies. In the pas	st two hun	dred years, no	one cared about its
	appearance	ce.						
	(A) version		(B) negle	et	(C) genius		(D) enthusiasm	i
	4. Some chi	ldren te	end to express the	ir opinion w	vithout considerin	ig others'	feelings. They	may tell
	their chubby	teach	er that she should	lose weight				
	(A) healthily	y	(B) globa	lly	(C) beautifu	ally	(D) bluntly	
	5. The popul	larity c	f a movie may _	-	with time. As tim	ne goes by	, people may g	gradually forget an old
	movie and n	nove of	n to love new one	es.				
	(A) diminish	1	(B) trans	cribe	(C) enlarge		(D) desire	
	6. Professor	Maxw	ell is very	abo	out Korean cultur	e. He has	been researchi	ng this topic for
	• •		as published six l					
	(A) domes	tic	(B) equiv	alent	(C) excessi	ve	(D) knowledg	geable
	•	•	•	•	tion directly. Con	fidentialit	у	dictate that I am not
			he names of any j					
	(A) conclu	sions	(B) distra	actions	(C) restric	ctions	(D) ambition	ns .
								experts support this
				_	children learn go	-	•	
	(A) advoca	ate	(B) im	poverish	(C) dis	sguise	(D) remove	
	0. The		4 1		41.5. — 4 — 4 A 5			
					this school. Almo			
	(A) supers	uuous	(B) scie	ntific	(C) scar	nty	(D) wides	pread
	備	註	一、作答於試題		計分。		·	
			—— 武汉东河归不	冰人				

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10. 7	his law	yer	his clien	its with t	oo mu	ch legal jargon. His	clients	s do no	ot under	star	nd wha	at he is	
talki	talking about.												
(A) 1	refuses (B) confuses (C) defuses (D) transfuses												
	11. My teacher reads students' essays She pays close attention to every sentence and is able to												
-	spot minor grammatical mistakes. (A) meticulously (B) abstractly (C) disastrously (D) supposedly												
(A) I	(A) menculously (D) abstractly (C) disastrously (D) supposedly												
	12. Sitting at the back of this classroom, I can only hear a of the lecture. In other words, I can only												
			at the lectur										
(A) 1	(A) fragment (B) habitation (C) possession (D) terminal												
13. F	Because	of a recessi	on, this car	factory d	ecides	to makin	g new	cars.	It stops	its 1	busine	ss and	
mov	3. Because of a recession, this car factory decides to making new cars. It stops its business and noves to another country.												
(A) (consult		(B) nomina	ate		(C) expand		(D) d	cease				
	14. This country is famous for its religious tolerance. It encourages its citizens of different religious												
	_							J			11		
(A) ı	andoub	tedly	(B) dange	erously		(C) aggressivel	У	()	D) peace	etul	Пу		
15 3	Zou sho	uld keen vo	ur food in		condit	ions. Otherwise, you	ur food	d may	be cont	ami	inated	with	
bacte		ara keep yo	. 1000 III _		Januari	20201 0 12102 17100, 901	1000	I IIII	55 50H	~~*************************************			
	introdu	ctory	(B) biann	ual		(C) hygienic			D) presi	den	ntial		
		-											
II. C	Framm	ar (20%)											
16.	You loo	k very ill to	day. I recom	mend tha	at you	a doctor	for m	edical	assistar	ice.			
(A)	seeing		(B) have se	en		(C) saw		(D)	see				
17 1	f von v	rish to apply	for this ich	, vou nee	ed to se	end all the required o	docum	ents to	o our co	mn	anv	next	
	•					ore or on that day, w							
(A)	_		(B) of			(C) over) for	1-	1		
(-)	•		. ,			` '			•				
18.	This co	urse will fan	niliarize stud	lents		the psychology of	of child	dren. A	After tak	ing	this c	ourse,	
stud	ents are	expected to	know a lot	about w	hat chi	ldren tend to do in c	ertain	circur	nstance	s.			
(A)	with		(B) to			(C) up		(I	O) down	1			

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考	試	升 E	3	英文	系.所 別	共同科目		考試時間	2	月 18 日(六) 第二節			
1	9			with care, this kin	d of flowe	er can live	for a long time.	1					
		A) Looking after (B) To look after (C) Looked after (D) Look after											
2	20. You should not misinterpret your parents' silence. Your parents love you dearly they may												
r	never	say s	0 (openly.									
(A) if		(B) even though (C) after (D) even										
2	21. T	his res	sta	urant is very famous	because o	fits	atmosphe	ere. All empl	loye	es in this restaurant are			
7	21. This restaurant is very famous because of its atmosphere. All employees in this restaurant are very friendly and are willing to help customers.												
(A) h	aving	ving welcomed (B) to welcome (C) welcoming (D) welcome							(D) welcome			
2	22. Having nothing meaningful to do, she feels very												
((A) b	oring			B) bored		(C) bore			(D) to bore			
2	23. T	his po	W	erful earthquake has		hundre	eds of houses bei	ing damaged	1.				
(A) re	esult		(B) to result		(C) res	ulted from		(D) resulted in			
2	24			his wife left him	n did he r	ealize how	important she w	vas to him.					
((A) C	nly at	fte	r (I	B) Becaus	e	(C)Neve	er		(D) At no time			
2	25. I	can ea	ıt a	any type of food	shri	mps. Beca	use of an allergy	problem, I	alwa	ays avoid eating shrimps			
(A) a	part		(I	3) in addit	ion to	(C) exc	ept		(D) in addition			
]	II. F	Readir	ıg	comprehension (20°	/o)								
(Choo	se the	m	ost appropriate answ	er and wri	te its corre	esponding letter	on the answ	er ca	ard.			
1	Passa	ige1											
	P	As a co	on	sumer, or buyer, you	have been	in a treme	endous number o	of stores in y	our	life. Have you ever given			
8	tho	ught to	o h	now those stores are a	rranged?								
	(Carefu	lly	considered choices	are made	about when	re to display each	h type of me	ercha	andise. Where should the			
ł	Carefully considered choices are made about where to display each type of merchandise. Where should the basic items go? How can you be made to notice items that you may not be looking for, and how can you be												

basic items such as prescriptions, dairy produce, produce, and meat situated? They are usually toward the back, forcing you to pass by numerous other products that may catch your eye.

There is even a whole category of products that are displayed where you are most likely to notice them: at

Think about the stores that most people go into frequently: drug stores and supermarkets. Where are the

persuaded to make an unplanned purchase? These are questions that a store planner must answer.

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the checkout counter. They are referred to as impulse items. The thinking is that when you spot one of these inexpensive items, you will decide you want it. Some common impulse items are magazines, candy, and batteries.

In a technique called scrambled merchandising, stores sometimes offer the same item in several places. For example, batteries might be placed in the hardware section as well as near the register. Seasons, too, affect the placement of merchandise. In summer, picnic supplies might stand in the busy front section of the store, while in November and December, holiday decorations occupy that space. So, when you walk into a drug store next summer, remember that it is no accident that the sunglasses are right up in front.

26. Where should vegetables go? (A) In the hardware section (B) In the back section of the store (C) In the busy front section of the store (D) At the checkout counter

- the busy front section of the store (D) At the checkout counter

 27. What may you find in a prescription section? (A) Mouthwash (B) Detergent (C) Toothbrush (D)
- Hardware

 28. What is scrambled merchandising? Scrambled merchandising is the item that (A) most consumers need (B) are inexpensive (C) will be placed the differently by season (D) stores offer in several places
- 29. What does the word 'impulse' in "impulse items" mean? (A) attraction (B) common (C) incitement (D) cheap.
 - _ 30. Where will you buy Christmas decorations after Thanksgiving? (A) In the hardware section (B) In the busy front section of the store (C) In the back section of the store (D) At the checkout counter
 - _ 31. What may be the main purpose of this passage? (A) To cut down on the number of unnecessary purchases
 - (B) To buy the suitable items under a reasonable price (C) To learn how to be a good store planner
 - (D) To know the placement of items and find them easily.

Passage2

Archaeologists said they have strong new evidence from campfire remains at a southern Virginia sand **dune** that humans inhabited the Western Hemisphere as early as 17,000 years ago, adding further **fuel** to the bitter debate over who the first Americans were and where they came from.

Team leader Joseph M. McAvoy said that new lab tests of material from Cactus Hill, some 45 miles south of Richmond, confirmed human habitation at two levels. The more recent is 10,920 years old, while the oldest is at least 15,000 years old and may be as old as 17,000 years.

The later level corresponds closely in time to the so-called Clovis culture, for decades regarded as America's first, created by immigrants who crossed a land bridge from Asia 11,200 years ago and over the next 500 years to have peopled the entire land mass from the Arctic to the tip of South America.

But the lower level is roughly comparable in time to a site in southwestern Pennsylvania called Meadowcroft Rockshelter. While archaeologists have scattered indications of far older American settlements,

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White Services	The second second	STATE SHAPE	Contraction of the		A Designation of the last of t	The second secon	The second secon	t billebrance spens	NAME AND ADDRESS OF	STATISTICS NO.	America proposition american	NO PARKET	MANAGEMENT I STEEL	-
考	試	科	且	英文	系 所 別	共同科目	考試時	間	2	月 1	8 日(六	;)	第二節	2
	Cacti	ıs H	ll a	nd Meadowcroft are the	e only or	nes presenting extensive ev	idence of	fa"	pre	:-Clo	ovis" cı	ult	ure.	
	1	And	of r	nore importance, Cactu	s Hill ha	s "a very well documented	Clovis l	evel	, ar	nd so	omethir	ng	under it	
	that i	s not	Cl	ovis," McAvoy said, an	d can be	used to suggest that some	one - eith	ier fi	con	ı As	ia or el	se	where -	
	settle	d the	Aı	mericas before Clovis.										
		_ 32	W	hat is the main topic of	the pass	age? (A) Archaeologists fo	und the f	first.	An	nerio	cans. (E	3)]	People in	
			C	lovis were the first Ame	ericans. ((C) The first Americans sho	ould be b	efor	e C	llov	is. (D)	So	uthern	
			V	irginia was the hometor	wn of the	e first Americans.								
		_ 33.	W	hat does the word 'dun	e' in "Vi	rginia sand dune" mean? (A) beach	(B)	hil	1 (C) marsh	ı ()	D) tent	
		_34	Ac	cording to the passage,	where d	id the first Americans com	e from?							
	(A) Asia (B) Europe (C) Western Hemisphere (D) We don't know													
,	35. Which of the following can be considered most appropriate to explain the meaning of the word 'fuel'											,		
	in "adding further fuel"? (A) campfire (B) campfire remains (C) evidence (D) inhabitation													
		_ 36	W	hen did America's habi	tants crea	ate Clovis culture? About ((A) 17,00	00 ye	ars	ago	o (B) 13	5,0	000 years	
			ag	go (C) 11,200 years ago	(D) 10,7	700 years ago								
		_ 37	Ac	cording to the passage,	the inha	bitants in pre-Clovis lived	(A) in C	actu	s H	Iill a	and Me	ad	owcroft	
			(B)	Southern Virginia (C)	South A	merica (D) from the Arctic	to the tip	of	Soi	uth 1	Americ	a		
		_38.	Th	e author of this passage	creates	a tone that can be best des	cribed as							
			(A)	indignant (B) frustrate	d (C) no	naligned (D) obsequious								
[Passa	ge3												
	(Critic	isn	of research lays a sign	iificant fo	oundation for future invest	igative w	ork,	, bı	ıt w	hen stu	de	nts begin	
1	heir	own	pro	jects, they are likely to	find that	t the standards of validity i	n field w	ork	are	cor	siderat	oly	more	
]	rigor	ous	hai	the standards for most	t library	research. When students ar	e faced v	vith	the	coi	icrete p	ro	blem of	
			2 2			scover that many of the "ir								

Criticism of research lays a significant foundation for future investigative work, but when students begin their own projects, they are likely to find that the standards of validity in field work are considerably more rigorous than the standards for most library research. When students are faced with the concrete problem of proof by field demonstration, they usually discover that many of the "important relationships" they may have criticized other researchers for failing to demonstrate are very elusive indeed. They will find, if they submit an outline or questionnaire to their classmates for criticism, that other students make comments similar to some they themselves may have made in discussing previously published research. For example, student researchers are likely to begin with a general question but find themselves forced to narrow its focus. They may learn that questions whose meanings seem perfectly obvious to them are not clearly understood by others, or that questions which seemed entirely objective to them appear to be highly biased to someone else. They usually find that the formulation of good research questions is a much more subtle and frustrating task than is generally believed by those who have not actually attempted it.

39. What may the author think when students criticize other people's research? (A) It is helpful for future research. (B) It may help the researchers avoid making the same mistakes. (C) It is a necessary step for a student to become a researcher. (D) It is immoral to criticize other people's research.

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考試	科	目	英文	系	所別	共同科目	7	考試	時,		2	月 18	8	日(六)	第二節
	_ 40	In	line 3, the word "rigor	01	ıs" me	ans (A) ambiguous (B) ob	vi	ous	(C) s	stri	ict	(D) t	orc	oad	
	41	A	cording to the passage	V	vhat m	ay be one of the major we	ak	ness	ses w	he	en s	stude	nts	s critici	ze
	published research? (A) The researcher often wrote their research in a boring way. (B) The research														
	has been done in the similar formula. (C) The research was not practical. (D) The researchers failed														
	to establish the relationships involved.														
	42. According to the passage, how do students in class often react to another student's research? (A)														
	They often offer good suggestions. (B) They react the way they do to any other research. (C) They														
		0	ften fail to offer approp	ria	ate con	nment. (D) They criticize	th	e qu	ality	of	th	eir cl	as	smates'	research.
	43	A.	novice researcher may	fii	nd form	nulating good research que	es	tions	ver	y s	ub	tle. V	Vh	nich of t	the
		fo	ollowing can be consider	re	ed mos	t appropriate to explain th	e	mear	ning	of	the	e woi	rd	'subtle	'? (A)
		eı	nlightening (B) equiv	OC	cal (C)	conducive (D) constructive	re					,	1.	5	
	44	. W	hy may student researc	he	ers hav	e to change their research	pı	rojec	ts? I	3ec	cau	ise (A	1)	their pr	ojects may
		ta	ke too much money (B) t	they do	o not have enough time (C) t	heir	proj	ect	ts a	re hi	gh	nly bias	ed (D) their
	original questions are too broad.														
	45	. W	hat is the author's conc	lu	sion a	bout preparing suitable qu	es	tion	s for	a 1	res	earch	ı p	roject?	
			(A) It is harder than stu	de	ent rese	earchers may realize. (B) I	t i	s no	t too	di	ffi	cult f	or	studen	t
		1	researchers to learn. (C) 5	Studen	t researcher should follow	fo	ormu	ılas c	lo	sel	y. (D) §	Student	researchers
		1	should try to get others	h	elp.					,					
	_		ition (30%)		11										
	_					can be traced to the follow									-
						and psychological proble									
•	_			to	o deve	lop an article of approximation	ate	ely 3	00 v	vor	ds	and	ma	ake sure	e you
prov	ide a	titl	e for your essay.												
ĸ															
											,				